

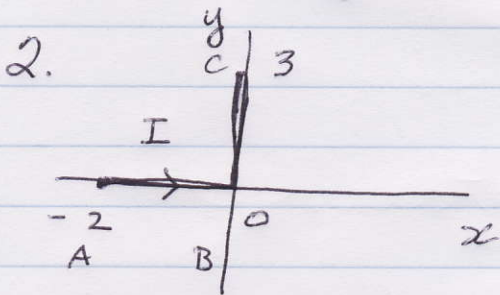
Physics 210 Multiple Choice Solutions Week 8

1. $\vec{F} = m\vec{a} = q\vec{v} \times \vec{B}$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{q}{m} (\vec{v} \times \vec{B}) = \frac{q}{m} \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 3 \text{ km/s} & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{-6 \mu\text{C}}{2mg} \left[-\hat{j}(3 \text{ km/s} \times 4 \text{ m}) + \hat{k}(3 \text{ km/s} \times 3 \text{ m}) \right]$$

$$\vec{a} = 36 \hat{j} - 27 \hat{k}$$



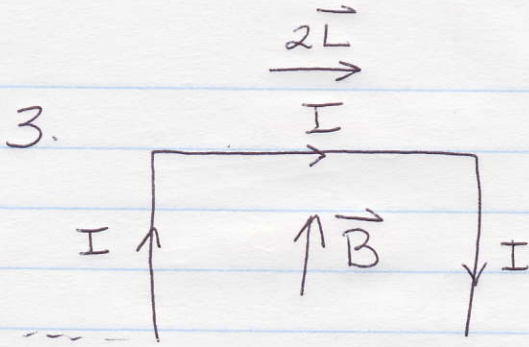
$$\vec{B} = 40 \text{ mT } \hat{k}$$

Segment AB $I = 25 \text{ A}$ $\vec{L} = 2 \hat{i}$ $\vec{F} = I \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 40 \end{vmatrix}$

$$\vec{F}_{AB} = I (-\hat{j}(2 \times 40)) = (25 \text{ A})(-\hat{j}) 80 (\text{mT})(\text{m}) = -2 \text{ N } \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{F}_{BC} = I \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 40 \end{vmatrix} = (25 \text{ A}) \hat{i} (3)(40) = 3 \text{ N } \hat{i}$$

$$|\vec{F}| = \sqrt{2^2 + 3^2} = 3.61 \text{ N}$$



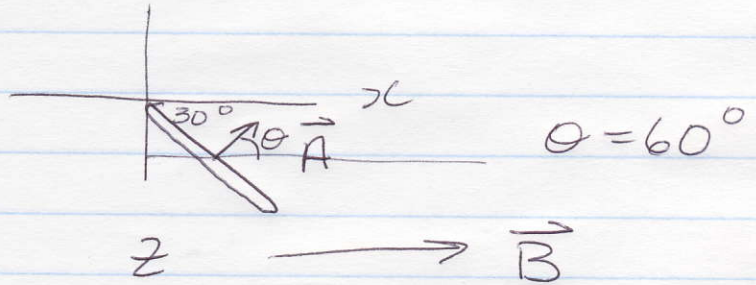
-no force on vertical parts

$$\vec{F} = I 2\vec{L} \times \vec{B} = 2IBL \quad +z\text{-dir}$$

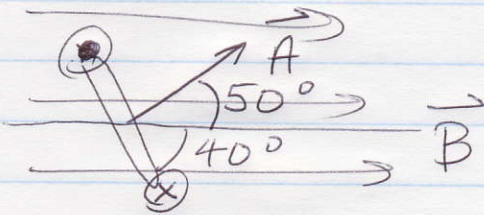
4. $|\vec{\tau}| = N A I B \sin \theta$

$$= 80(0.3\text{m})(0.4\text{m})8\text{A} \times (40\text{mT})(\sin 60^\circ)$$

$$= 2.7 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$



5.



$$\tau = AB I \sin 50$$

$$I = \frac{1 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}}{(0.5\text{m})^2 (70\text{mT})(\sin 50^\circ)}$$

$$= 75 \text{ A}$$

$$6. B_x = 0.5 T \quad v = 60 \text{ km/s}$$

$$\text{pitch} = 5 \text{ mm} = v_{\parallel} \cdot T = v \cos \theta \cdot \frac{2\pi m}{qB}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{5 \text{ mm} \cdot q \cdot B}{v \cdot 2\pi m} = \frac{(5 \text{ mm})(1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C})(0.5 \text{ T})}{60 \text{ km/s} \cdot 2\pi \cdot 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}}$$

$$\theta = 51^\circ$$

$$7. v_{\perp} = 40 \text{ m/s} \quad R = \frac{mv_{\perp}}{qB} = \frac{(3 \times 10^{-9} \text{ kg}) 40 \text{ m/s}}{(5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C})(60 \text{ mT})} = 0.4 \text{ m}$$

$$8. v = \frac{RqB}{m} = 48 \text{ km/s} \quad d = vt = 48 \text{ km}$$

$$9. T = \frac{2\pi m}{qB} = 1.2 \times 10^{-7} \text{ s}$$

$$10. K.E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 \quad mv = \sqrt{2mK.E.} \quad K.E = q\Delta V$$

$$R = \frac{mv}{qB} = \frac{\sqrt{2mK.E.}}{qB} = \frac{\sqrt{2mq\Delta V}}{qB}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2m\Delta V}{q}} \cdot \frac{1}{B} = \sqrt{\frac{2(1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg})(2.5 \text{ keV})}{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}}} \cdot \frac{1}{0.6 \text{ T}}$$

$$= 12 \text{ mm}$$

$$11. v = \frac{E}{B} \quad B = \frac{E}{v} = \frac{80 \text{ kV/m}}{\sqrt{\frac{2K.E.}{m}}} = \frac{80 \text{ kV/m}}{\sqrt{\frac{2 \times 2 \text{ keV} \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J/eV}}{1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}}}} = 0.13 \text{ T}$$